For best results editing this document in Microsoft Word, remove these paragraphs and immediately save this document (File/Save As) in the default Word Document format.

The Spanish and Hmong statements below are included in the generated CCR to promote readership by non-English speaking people that either reside or work in your community. These are translations of the following statement:

This report contains important information about your drinking water. Have someone translate it for you or talk to someone who understands it.

These statements must remain in your CCR unless you can document that no more than 5 percent of your consumers are non-English speaking. If you choose to remove these statements, documentation that demonstrates this shall be submitted to your DNR Rep along with a copy of the CCR and the CCR Certification Page.

2022 Consumer Confidence Report Data MEQUON WATER UTILITY, PWS ID: 24601126

Este informe contiene información importante acerca de su agua potable. Haga que alguien lo traduzca para usted, o hable con alguien que lo entienda.

Dlaim ntawv tshaabzu nuav muaj lug tseemceeb heev nyob rua huv kws has txug cov dlej mej haus. Kuas ib tug paab txhais rua koj, los nrug ib tug kws paub lug thaam.

Water System Information

Customers of the Mequon Water Utility that live in the Village of Bayside receive water from the NORTH SHORE WATER COMMISSION. In addition to the detected contaminants listed below, test results from the NORTH SHORE WATER COMMISSION can be found at https://www.northshorewc.com/CCR2022.pdf

Customers of the Mequon Water Utility that live in the City of Mequon or Village of Thiensville receive their water from the MILWAUKEE WATER WORKS. In addition to the detected contaminants listed below, test results from the MILWAUKEE WATER WORKS can be found at <u>www.milwaukee.gov/CCR</u>

If you would like to know more about the information contained in this report, please contact James Voigt at (414) 559-8656.

Opportunity for input on decisions affecting your water quality

Participate in decisions that affect drinking water quality at meetings of the City of Mequon Water Commission, which meets at Mequon City Hall, 11333 N Cedarburg Rd, Mequon WI 53092. The Water Commission and Common Council meetings vary. Please contact the City Clerk for a schedule at (262) 236-2912, or visit <u>https://www.ci.mequon.wi.us</u>

Health Information

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's safe drinking water hotline (800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune systems disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Environmental Protection Agency's safe drinking water hotline (800-426-4791).

Source(s) of Water

Source ID	Source	Depth (in feet)	Status
7	Purchased Surface Water		Active
12	Purchased Surface Water		Active
13	Purchased Surface Water		Active

Purchased Water

PWS ID	PWS Name
24135155	NORTH SHORE WATER COMMISSION
24101000	MILWAUKEE WATERWORKS

To obtain a summary of the source water assessment please contact, James Voigt at (414) 559-8656.

Educational Information

The sources of drinking water, both tap water and bottled water, include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations and wildlife.
- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally- occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining or farming.
- Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff and septic systems.
- Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water, which shall provide the same protection for public health.

Definitions

Term	Definition
AL	Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.
HA and HAL	HA: Health Advisory. An estimate of acceptable drinking water levels for a chemical substance based on health effects information. HAL: Health Advisory Level is a concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, poses a health risk and may require a system to post a public notice. Health Advisories are determined by US EPA.
HI	HI: Hazard Index: A Hazard Index is used to assess the potential health impacts associated with mixtures of contaminants. Hazard Index guidance for a class of contaminants or mixture of contaminants may be determined by the US EPA or

Term	Definition
	Wisconsin Department of Health Services. If a Health Index is exceeded a system may be required to post a public notice.
Level 1 Assessment	A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine, if possible, why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.
Level 2 Assessment	A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine, if possible, why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system, or both, on multiple occasions.
MCL	Maximum Contaminant Level: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
MCLG	Maximum Contaminant Level Goal: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.
MFL	million fibers per liter
MRDL	Maximum residual disinfectant level: The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.
MRDLG	Maximum residual disinfectant level goal: The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.
mrem/year	millirems per year (a measure of radiation absorbed by the body)
NTU	Nephelometric Turbidity Units
pCi/l	picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity)
ppm	parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/l)
ppb	parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (ug/l)
ppt	parts per trillion, or nanograms per liter
ppq	parts per quadrillion, or picograms per liter
PHGS	PHGS: Public Health Groundwater Standards are found in NR 140 Groundwater Quality. The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, poses a health risk and may require a system to post a public notice.
RPHGS	RPHGS: Recommended Public Health Groundwater Standards: Groundwater standards proposed by the Wisconsin Department of Health Services. The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, poses a health risk and may require a system to post a public notice.
SMCL	Secondary drinking water standards or Secondary Maximum Contaminant Levels for contaminants that affect taste, odor, or appearance of the drinking water. The SMCLs do not represent health standards.
TCR	Total Coliform Rule

Term Definition

TT Treatment Technique: A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Detected Contaminants

Your water was tested for many contaminants last year. We are allowed to monitor for some contaminants less frequently than once a year. The following tables list only those contaminants which were detected in your water. If a contaminant was detected last year, it will appear in the following tables without a sample date. If the contaminant was not monitored last year, but was detected within the last 5 years, it will appear in the tables below along with the sample date.

Disinfection Byproducts

Contaminant (units)	Site	MCL	MCLG	Level Found	Range	Sample Date (if prior to 2022)	Violation	Typical Source of Contaminant
HAA5 (ppb)	2	60	60	4	1 - 5		No	By-product of drinking water chlorination
TTHM (ppb)	2	80	0	10.4	5.2 - 16.0		No	By-product of drinking water chlorination
HAA5 (ppb)	R2	60	60	3	2 - 5		No	By-product of drinking water chlorination
TTHM (ppb)	R2	80	0	10.2	5.9 - 15.1		No	By-product of drinking water chlorination

Inorganic Contaminants

Contaminant (units)	Action Level	MCLG	90th Percentile Level Found	# of Results	Sample Date (if prior to 2022)	Violation	Typical Source of Contaminant
COPPER (ppm)	AL=1.3	1.3	0.0920	0 of 30 results were above the action level.	9/30/2020	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives
LEAD (ppb)	AL=15	0	0.66	0 of 30 results were above the action level.	9/30/2020	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits

Additional Health Information

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Mequon Water Utility is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

Other Compliance

Deficiency description:

Section NR 810.07, Wisconsin Administrative Code requires all suppliers of water for municipal water systems to submit monthly reports to the appropriate regional office of the Department. Section NR 108.06(4), Wis. Adm. Code, requires reports regarding operation of waterworks during the preceding month to be submitted to the Department no later than the 10th day of each month. The Mequon Water Utility did not complete the April 2022 EMOR data entry until after May 10th, 2022.

Action Taken:

A calendar alarm has been established in the staff calendar to remind the utility to enter the data by the 10th of each month.

Purchased Water

Our water system purchases water from NORTH SHORE WATER COMMISSION. In addition to the detected contaminants listed above, test results from NORTH SHORE WATER COMMISSION can be found on their Consumer Confidence Report here: https://www.northshorewc.com/CCR2022.pdf

Our water system purchases water from MILWAUKEE WATERWORKS. In addition to the detected contaminants listed above, test results from MILWAUKEE WATERWORKS can be found on their Consumer Confidence Report here: <u>www.milwaukee.gov/CCR</u>